Shaping the Parish

Developmental Initiative Report

Initiative Title: Grounding in Spiritual Practices

Level: A

# YOUR NAME

E-MAIL

DESCRIPTION

This initiative is offered as the foundation for a strategy focused on grounding the parish in spiritual practice and developing competence in spiritual practice. When used as a key element of a broader strategy, this initiative can be used to build a critical mass of members with competence in spiritual practice.

This initiative is primarily concerned with the development of practices among members. There is another initiative, “Shaping the Parish through Spiritual Practice,” that is more concerned with the overall climate, structures, and processes of the parish.

This initiative presumes the use of a “spiritual map;” i.e., a system for ordering spiritual life, rather than a random set of practices. The map used in “In Your Holy Spirit” is reproduced below.

Elements of this initiative include:

* Offering a “spiritual practices” course of five or six one-and-a-half to two-hour sessions—one on each of the practices described in Michelle Heyne’s book, *In Your Holy Spirit: Traditional Spiritual Practices in Today’s Christian Life*. These include Eucharist, Office, Reflection, Community, and Service, as well as an opportunity to develop a Rule of Life and deepen and refine the individual’s practice.
* Provide the course at least yearly. Possibly twice a year in some parishes. Several times over 2-4 years, and regularly for newcomers.
* Provide shorter supplemental sessions geared to one of the elements, such as Eucharist or Office, two to three times a year.
* Offer structured opportunities, perhaps annually just before Lent, to reflect on and develop a Rule of Life.
* Pay attention to the ways the parish nurtures or interferes with the Renewal-Apostolate Cycle.
* Develop capacities for living in community through attention to structure and process of parish meetings, vestry meetings, opportunities for decision-making, and approach to conflict and differences.

*In Your Holy Spirit: Traditional Spiritual Practices in Today’s Christian Life* offers assessments, questions for reflection, and suggestions for things to try. In designing your own course, it’s important to provide opportunities for the participants to experience elements of the spiritual practices, to reflect on how that experience was for them, and to have opportunities to continue with what they’ve done or to try something else. The opportunity to experience/reflect is a critical component of the initiative and is also quite different from the lecture-based format we may be more familiar with.

Related resources:

-In Your Holy Spirit: Traditional Spiritual Practices in Today’s Christian Life, Michelle Heyne, Ascension Press, 2011

-In Your Holy Spirit: Shaping the Parish Through Spiritual Practice, Robert A. Gallagher 2011, Ascension Press

-Anglican Spirituality course available at [www.congregationaldevelopment.com](http://www.congregationaldevelopment.com). Provides design for experiential course covering Eucharist, Office, and Reflection.

-Eucharistic Practices course available at [www.congregationaldevelopment.com](http://www.congregationaldevelopment.com). Provides design for a single experiential session on Eucharist.

**In the short-term:**

* Schedule the offerings and get them on the parish calendar (schedule for at least a year to bring different elements into play).
* Consider different elements of parish life in your planning: e.g., incorporation of newcomers; offerings to nurture Apostolic core, including opportunities for developing or revising a Rule of Life; adequate opportunities to build Eucharistic competence for both newcomers and longer-term members; and seasonal issues such as the parish’s Lenten program.
* Design curriculum to provide experiential education based on a system of spiritual practice appropriate to the parish and to the wider church’s traditions. Consider time available, opportunities for experimentation, and opportunities for reflection.
* Produce and distribute PR in the few weeks before each offering. Include flyers in the parish, notices in the bulletin.
* Recruit participants, as necessary. Asking people to participate can have a lot of power, both in building numbers and emphasizing the importance of what you are trying to do.

**In the long-term:**

* Build additional spiritual practice offerings into the parish’s life and schedule. Incorporate elements of spiritual practice into other routines (e.g., a short form of Compline at the end of a vestry meeting; providing opportunities for reflection and integration in community gatherings and other meetings; emphasizing service in daily life in sermons, website, and other activities and programs).
* Consider a broader series of Foundations courses offered in a rotating manner over a several year cycle and focusing on such areas as Anglican Spirituality, Understanding and Using Scripture, Developing a Rule of Life, Baptismal Living, Benedictine Listening: Participation and Decision Making in Community.
* Pay particular attention to parish leaders. Are they adequately grounded in spiritual practice? Do they understand the approach and orientation that emphasizes the parish’s primary task as the spiritual formation of its members? Where necessary, consider the process of how leaders are recruited and begin to tilt toward leaders who specifically bring spiritual maturity to the role.

Participant’s additions & changes to the description

If you are revising the above in some manner, note that here. Offer a rationale for the change. Changes may not be so extreme as to change the basic thrust of the intervention description above.

Have you carefully reviewed the above description?

 Yes No [ Note: You must have done this review for the DI to be accepted]

ACTION PLANNING

1. What are you planning to do? What is the action plan? First steps. How you will monitor and adjust along the way

2. Theoretical base and strategic assumptions for the project

a. Theoretical Base (connect related theory to the project and the particulars of your parish) -

b. Strategic Assumptions (In your parish as it is now – what were you assuming would happen allowing the project to move forward? A strategic assumption has enough significance that if it turns out to not be true, the project will fail) -

A. Results: What are the initial results are you seeking? Note: we are assuming you are working from the basic DI description. This section is more a brief statement of overall objectives expressed in a way that integrates the description with the particularities of your parish.

Do the same regarding longer-term development goals? Relationship to the parish’s overall health? Relationship to the primary task of a parish church? -

B. Reflection

1. Strategic (pp 12 – 13 *Intervention Considerations*)

*The Developmental Initiatives are by their nature strategic or at least they are in that arena. These elements may help you consider related factors*

* Long term, developmental, likely to have a ripple effect -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not likely |  |  |  | Very Likely |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment:

* Related to the primary task of a parish church (form people in faith, renewal in baptismal identity and purpose, facilitating the movement between renewal and apostolate) -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not related |  |  |  | Very related |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment:

* Can anticipate adequate resources of time, money, and energy devoted to the initiative? -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Anticipate inadequate resources |  |  |  | Anticipate very adequate resources |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment:

2. Demand System (pp13 – 14 *Intervention Considerations*)

*What is really developmental is usually also not urgent. It may be important but it is not urgent. How do you establish a new demand system that serves what’s important?*

* How will you cope with all the other demands, expectations and pressures of the parish an your life as you try to focus on the DI? -
* How will you work to create a new “demand system” that will make this initiative part of the parish’s routine business? -

3. Critical Mass (pp. 23 – 29 *Intervention Considerations*)

*In general critical mass theories are about building the overall level of commitment, competence and emotional maturity at the center of the parish so that it grounds the system in a mission orientation and an organizational culture that supports the mission. In relationship to a specific Developmental Initiative there may be two considerations.*

* What will you do to create enough “weight” to support this particular DI? Will there be enough physical and emotional energy to get the work accomplished? This has to do with the social and political process by which you help the parish move forward. (For example, if working on Group Functioning – can you anticipate enough initial support from members of the groups you want to involved?) - Describe it. -

* In most DIs there is a second consideration. Will enough of a critical mass develop in relationship to the *desired results* of the initiative? (For example, if working on Group Functioning – How will you develop a critical mass of competence and commitment in the groups going through the process? What will you do so people become more skilled?) -

* Is there an “emotional inversion” in the parish, either broadly in the parish in general or in regard to this particular DI? (See bottom p. 26 *Intervention Considerations*) -

4. Internal Commitment (pp. 29 – 31 *Intervention Considerations*)

*This is often interrelated with critical mass considerations. You want as many people as possible, at least a critical mass, to have a high level of commitment to the direction or action that was chosen. This makes it more likely that the intervention will continue to have its benefits for the parish over time and under stress. The assumption is that commitment is built upon a base of valid and useful information and free choice. One element builds on the other. The more the information is valid and useful, the more likely the free choice, the more there is truly free choice, the more likely there will be internal commitment.*

How will you help people engage an adequate amount of valid and useful information? --

How will you design the process so that people have an adequate degree of free choice vs. acting from habit or emotional pressure)? --

5. Your influence (pp. 31 - 34 *Intervention Considerations*; take note of “OD Roles” and “Circles of Influence”)

Assess your influence in relationship to this specific DI? -

6. Readiness (pp. 34 - 38 *Intervention Considerations)*

* Adequate dissatisfaction – Is there dissatisfaction with the way things are in relationship to the DIs field of interest? -
* Favorable stance of people – Is there a person, or more than one person, who wants this to happen and is willing to spend energy making it happen? A person with enough influence with people who would need to cooperate in order for it to happen? -
* Competence for change – Did you have the skills and knowledge needed for this particular intervention? -
* How does it fit with the parish’s current culture? -
* Resources available – Are there adequate resources of people, money, facilities and such to implement the project/change? Any concerns? -
* Energy and attention – What are the likely problems around having the needed amount of energy? -
* Formal authorization – Most of the efforts that can shape a parish only require the

investment of the parish priest. That role assumes the authority to initiate efforts to improve the faithfulness and health of the parish. But there are situations requiring vestry action. Is formal authorization needed from some group within the parish or diocese? -

7. Intervention Choices (pp. 39 - 41 *Intervention Considerations)*

*We are constantly making choices about interventions. Who to involve - just the leadership, a working group, everyone in the organization? What to focus on - the issue it would be easiest to make headway on or the most strategic opportunity? The style of work - do we take a problem solving approach or use some appreciative process? How deep shall we go - are we working on deep underlying assumptions about how we work and relate with one another or are we simply trying to get this problem behind us?*

* What is the unit focus of the intervention? Is there a need to engage at several levels? Rationale for this -
* What is the opportunity, problem, or issue to address? Not simply the title of the DI but in relation to those listed on p 39 -
* What is the intervention method? (for example those listed on p. 39)-

8. Your stance (pp. 42 – 43 *Intervention Considerations)*

* What leadership style do you see yourself taking in doing the intervention (p 42)? How does that match with your preferred leadership style? Do you find yourself needing a broader range of styles? -
* What is your usual stance in relationship to the parish and its leaders (loving critic, unloving critic, uncritical lover)? How might that impact the intervention? -

RESULTS & LEARNINGS

A. Results: What happened? What are the initial results you’re seeing? Also look at it in terms of the project goal/objectives. Is there anything to report in regard to longer-term development goals? Any initial sense about sustainability over the long-term and under pressure? Relationship to the parish’s overall health? Relationship to the primary task of a parish church? Experience regarding your strategic assumptions -

B. Theoretical base and strategic assumptions for the project

a. Theoretical Base (connect related theory to the project and the particulars of your parish) -

*Mark one*

-As expected (in action planning) -

-Differed from what we expected -

 If different, please comment -

b. Strategic Assumptions -rate and comment in relationship to strategic assumptions as noted in action planning -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not on target  |  |  |  | Very much on target |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

Comment -

C. Reflection

*Make comments connecting what happened with the area of reflection.*

1. Strategic (pp 12 – 13 *Intervention Considerations*)

*The Developmental Initiatives are by their nature strategic or at least they are in that arena. These elements may help you consider related factors*

* Long term, developmental, likely to have a ripple effect; rate and describe -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| None |  |  |  | Strong effect |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

* Related to the primary task of a parish church (form people in faith, renewal in baptismal identity and purpose, facilitating the movement between renewal and apostolate); rate and describe -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No noticeable relationship |  |  |  | Strong relationship |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

* Were adequate resources of time, money, and energy devoted to the initiative?; rate and describe -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not adequate  |  |  |  | Very adequate  |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

2. Demand System (pp13 – 14 *Intervention Considerations*)

*What is really developmental is usually also not urgent. It may be important but it is not urgent. How do you establish a new demand system that serves what’s important?*

* How did you cope with all the other demands, expectations and pressures of the parish an your life as you tried to focus on the DI? -
* How have you worked to create a new “demand system” that will make this initiative part of the parish’s routine business? -

3. Critical Mass (pp. 23 – 29 *Intervention Considerations*)

*In general critical mass theories are about building the overall level of commitment, competence and emotional maturity at the center of the parish so that it grounds the system in a mission orientation and an organizational culture that supports the mission. In relationship to a specific Developmental Initiative there may be two considerations.*

* Was there enough “weight” to support this particular DI? Enough energy to get the work

accomplished? This has to do with the social and political process by which you help the parish move forward. (For example, if working on Group Functioning – was there enough initial support from members of the groups you wanted involved?) - Rate and Describe -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not enough |  |  |  | Enough weight  |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

* In most DIs there is another consideration. Is enough of a critical mass developing in relationship to the desired results of the initiative? Rate and Describe (For example, if working on Group Functioning – Is a critical mass of competence and commitment beginning to develop in the groups going through the process? Are people becoming more skilled?) -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not enough |  |  |  | Enough  |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

* Was there an “emotional inversion” in the parish, either broadly in the parish in general or in regard to this particular DI? (See bottom p. 26 *Intervention Considerations*) -

 Yes No unsure

 Comment -

4. Internal Commitment (pp. 29 – 31 *Intervention Considerations*)

*This is often interrelated with critical mass considerations. You want as many people as possible, at least a critical mass, to have a high level of commitment to the direction or action that was chosen. This makes it more likely that the intervention will continue to have its benefits for the parish over time and under stress. The assumption is that commitment is built upon a base of valid and useful information and free choice. One element builds on the other. The more the information is valid and useful, the more likely the free choice, the more there is truly free choice, the more likely there will be internal commitment.*

a. What did you do to build internal commitment as seen is this approach? -

b. Assess

Enough internal commitment for what was needed in this case -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not enough |  |  |  | Enough  |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

Base of free choice and valid and useful information to build the internal commitment -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not enough |  |  |  | Enough  |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment -

5. Your influence (pp. 31 - 34 *Intervention Considerations*; take note of “OD Roles” and “Circles of Influence”)

Was your influence adequate to manage the intervention?

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not at all |  |  |  | Adequate |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment -

6. Readiness (pp. 34 - 38 *Intervention Considerations)*

* Adequate dissatisfaction – Was there dissatisfaction with the way things were in relationship to the change projects field of interests? -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not at all |  |  |  | Adequate |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment -

* Favorable stance of people – Was there a person, or more, who wants this to happen and is willing to spend energy making it happen? A person with enough influence with people who would need to cooperate in order for it to happen? -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not at all |  |  |  | Adequate |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment -

* Competence for change – Did we have the skills and knowledge we need for this particular intervention? -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not at all |  |  |  | Adequate |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment -

* It fit with the parish’s current culture -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not at all |  |  |  | Adequate |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment -

* Resources available – the people, money, facilities and such needed to implement the project/change. -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not at all |  |  |  | Adequate |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment -

* Energy and attention – The needed amount of energy was available -

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not at all |  |  |  | Adequate |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

 Comment -

* Formal authorization – Most of the efforts that can shape a parish only require the

investment of the parish priest. That role assumes the authority to initiate efforts to improve the faithfulness and health of the parish. But there are situations requiring vestry action. Was there the needed authorization? -

 Yes No Uncertain

 Comment -

7. Intervention Choices (pp. 39 - 41 *Intervention Considerations)*

*We are constantly making choices about interventions. Who to involve - just the leadership, a working group, everyone in the organization? What to focus on - the issue it would be easiest to make headway on or the most strategic opportunity? The style of work - do we take a problem solving approach or use some appreciative process? How deep shall we go - are we working on deep underlying assumptions about how we work and relate with one another or are we simply trying to get this problem behind us?*

* What was the unit focus of the intervention? Did that end up being appropriate? Was there (or is there) a need to engage at several levels of units? -
* What was the opportunity, problem, or issue to address? Not simply the title of the DI but in relation to those listed on p 39 -
* What was the intervention method? (for example those listed on p. 39)-

8. Your stance (pp. 42 – 43 *Intervention Considerations)*

* What leadership style did you take in doing the intervention (p 42)? Was that effective? Did you find yourself needing a broader range of styles? -
* What is your usual stance in relationship to the parish and its leaders (loving critic, unloving critic, uncritical lover)? How did that effect the intervention? -

C. Learnings

1. About change theory and methods -

2. About spiritual practices in shaping the parish -

3. About emotional & social intelligence in shaping the parish -

4. About yourself as a person and leader

D. Next Steps

1. Thoughts on long-term goals -

2. Next steps in the short term -

3. Comments -

Spiritual Practice Map from *In Your Holy Spirit* Books

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Adoration & Awe Adoration & Awe Adoration & Awe Adoration & Awe** | **Service** | **Action** |
|  | **Integration** |
|  **Reflection Community** |
|  |  **G r o u n d i n g** |
| **Eucharist** **Daily Prayers of the Church** |
| **TRINITY** Life in the community of the Trinity A state of being entered into at baptism. God: beyond us, beside us, within us. *The unifying of the personality, the integration of mind and heart into one center* (Leech) *My life shall be a real life, being wholly full of Thee. (*St. Augustine) *The end … would be a commonwealth of free, responsible beings united in love* (John Macquarrie) |

**Weekly Practice: Holy Eucharist**

The Holy Eucharist celebrated several times each week as to allow people with a variety of schedules to find one that might serve as their weekly spiritual practice.

**Daily Practice: The Daily Prayers of the Church**

There are two things to do here. The first is to equip and support parishioners in saying the Daily Prayer of the Church on their own in the course of daily life. The second is to offer the Daily Office in some routine form on most days of the week.

**Reflection**

There are two primary acts for the parish to take. One is to offer members assistance in identifying and maintaining ways of being reflective. The second is for the parish itself to engage in reflective processes, ways of listening to and learning from its own life as a community. The beginning place for this is to create an environment with significant space for stillness and silence.

**Parish Community**

The parish needs to provide opportunities for social life among parishioners and create an environment in which they may find and live what Augustine called a “real life,” a life in which they might be genuine, be open and honest about themselves, and still be in deep relationship with others and God. This is a community where our differences can be expressed and will be accepted; in which we can fight with those we love without fearing the loss of the relationship.

**Serve**

The parish can hold in front of its members the moral vision of Christian Faith. The primary place, the most effective place, of service for the Christian is in his or her daily life. We serve within our friendships, families, work, and civic life. The parish can help members identify how they serve, how they may better serve, and the gifts each brings to that task. The parish can also have at least one service ministry that is done as a parish. This is a call to a wise and generous love.

**The Process of Change**

The parish can provide a foundations program that equips people to take responsibility for their own spiritual life and moral action in daily life. It can also model an approach to change or experimentation and learning from experience. It can teach methods that allow people to face change.

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**Weekly Practice: Holy Eucharist**

Participating in the Holy Eucharist at least one each week. Seeking a regular Eucharistic community to be part of, usually this will be a Sunday congregation. Becoming competent for participation in the Eucharist and living a Eucharistic life.

**Daily Practice: The Daily Prayers of the Church**

The Daily Office is the church’s daily offering of praise to God. Whether said in a group in a parish church or as an individual with morning coffee, the Office is our participation in the Church's daily praise of God. Develop a practice of saying the Office that works for you.

**Reflection**

Reflection aids our ability to be grounded and centered. It helps us connect daily life to God. Find ways of being reflective that work for you. Learn to engage stillness and silence as a practice.

**Parish Community**

Participation in the parish community is a spiritual practice that can further our personal growth and integrate life. The parish community is a gift of God. It's a pathway into communion with God and our sisters and brothers. In that community we can come to know and love God, become friends of God and of one another. Establish a reliable pattern of participation

**Serve**

The primary place, the most effective place, of service for the Christian is in his or her daily life. We serve within our friendships, families, work, and civic life. Identify how you serve, how you might better serve, and the gifts you bring to that task.

**The Process of Spiritual Growth**

Developing, maintaining, and as needed, revising a Rule of Life. Participating in educational/training programs that expand skills and knowledge. Participating in a process of spiritual guidance. The task is to be equipped to take responsibility for your own spiritual life and moral action in daily life.

**Assessing Your Spiritual Practices**

**Sunday Eucharist**

1. **Attendance** (circle one)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Almost Never | About ¼ of the Time | Half the Time | ¾ of the Time | Almost every Sunday |

**2. My ability to participate** (Circle the number that is closest to your experience)

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| I am frequently confused and uncertain about how to participate |  |  | I can “flow” with it. I mostly don’t need a Prayer Book or leaflet. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

**Participating in the Daily Prayers of the Church**

3. **Saying the Office.** I say the Office in some form on my own or with others.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Never | Only when offered at a meeting or retreat | Sporadically or during some season(s) of the church year | Most days |

4. **Knowing how** to do the Daily Office.\

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| I have no idea. |  |  | I understand how to use it in the Prayer Book and ways to innovate the use |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

**Disciplined Ways of Reflecting** [“Listen to your life”]

Grounding/centering yourself so you can reflect. The spiritual practice of “pondering” and seeking God’s presence in the people, circumstances and things of life. Practices that connect daily life to God.

**5. Ways that work for me**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| I don’t have ways that work for me |  |  | I have ways that are effective for me |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

**Participating in the Parish Community**

**6. The community I seek** is one in which people are free to be themselves; to speak and listen fully and authentically. In which differences are accepted (we can fight with those we love). In which we can make decisions and solve the problems we face.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| I don’t want church to be that way |  |  | It is what I seek and more |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

**7. Connection with people**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| I don’t know anyone well |  |  | I know a number of people and have a few friends in the parish |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

**8. Participation in parish social life**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Not at all |  |  | I participate regularly and frequently |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

**Service**

**9. In Daily Life—with family & friends, at work, in civic life, and at church.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| I don’t have a clear understanding of how I serve in my daily life |  |  | I am very clear about serving in daily life |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

**The Process of Spiritual Growth**

**10. Foundations**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| I have a poor foundation in the spiritual practices of the church |  |  | I have a strong foundation in the spiritual practices of the church  |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

**11. Experiment**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| I don’t know how or feel confident enough to experiment with spiritual practices |  |  | I have a sense of how to innovate & experiment with spiritual practices. |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  1 |  2 |  3 |  4 |  5 |

From  *In Your Holy Spirit: Traditional Spiritual Practices in Today’s Christian Life*, Michelle Heyne, Ascension Press, 2011

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